

First ISCCP Regional Experiment (FIRE) Sabreliner Aircraft Langley DAAC Data Set Document



Summary:

The First ISCCP Regional Experiments have been designed to improve data products and cloud/radiation parameterizations used in general circulation models (GCMs). Specifically, the goals of FIRE are (1) to improve basic understanding of the interaction of physical processes in determining life cycles of cirrus and marine stratocumulus systems and the radiative properties of these clouds during their life cycles and (2) to investigate the interrelationships between the ISCCP data, GCM parameterizations, and higher space and time resolution cloud data.

To-date, four intensive field-observation periods were planned and executed: a cirrus IFO (October 13 - November 2, 1986); a marine stratocumulus IFO off the southwestern coast of California (June 29 - July 20, 1987); a second cirrus IFO in southeastern Kansas (November 13 - December 7, 1991); and a second marine stratocumulus IFO in the eastern North Atlantic Ocean (July 1 - July 28, 1992). Each mission combined coordinated satellite, airborne, and surface observations with modeling studies to investigate the cloud properties and physical processes of the cloud systems.

This document provides information for the following data sets:

- FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER
- FIRE_CI2_SABRELINER

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1. Data Set Overview:

Data Set Identification:

FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER:

First ISCCP Regional Experiment (FIRE) Cirrus 1 National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) Sabreliner Aircraft Data (FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER)

First ISCCP Regional Experiment (FIRE) Cirrus 2 National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) Sabreliner Aircraft Data

FIRE_CI2_SABRELINER:



Data Set Introduction:

FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER

Cirrus IFO-I was conducted from October 13 to November 2, 1986 in central Wisconsin. The NCAR Sabreliner aircraft measured radiation and microphysical properties of the cloud layers, in addition to temperature, moisture, and air motions.

FIRE CI2 SABRELINER

Cirrus IFO-II was conducted from November 9 to December 8, 1991 in Coffeyville, Kansas. The NCAR Sabreliner aircraft measured radiation and microphysical properties of the cloud layers, in addition to temperature, moisture, and air motions.

Objective/F	Purpose:

Summary of Parameters:

Humidity

Ice

Irradiance

Mixing Ratio

Pressure

Temperature Wind Direction

Wind Speed

Discussion:

Related Data Sets:

2. Investigator(s):

Investigator(s) Name and Title:

Title of Investigation:

First ISCCP Regional Experiment (FIRE)

Contact Information:

FIRE_CI2_SABRELINER:

FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER:

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3. Theory of Measurements:	
4. Equipment:	
Sensor/Instrument Description:	
Collection Environment:	
Source/Platform:	
NCAR SABRELINER	
Source/Platform Mission Objectives:	
Key Variables:	
FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER: FIRE_CI2_SABRELINER:	Humidity Ice Irradiance Mixing Ratio Pressure Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed Humidity Ice Irradiance Pressure Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed
Principles of Operation:	
Sensor/Instrument Measurement Geometry:	
Manufacturer of Sensor/Instrument:	
Sensor/Instrument:	
DEICED SENSORS GUST PROBE HYGROMETER	

ICING RATE DETECTOR PRESSURE TRANSDUCER

PYRANOMETER PYRGEOMETER

Calibration:				
Specifications:				
Tolerance:				
Frequency of Cal	libration:			
Other Calibration	Information:			
5. Data Acq	uisition Met	hods:		
6. Observat	ions:			
Data Notes:	.0			
Field Notes:				
7. Data Des	cription:			
Spatial Chara	cteristics:			
Spatial Coverage	: :			
Data Set Name	Min Lat	Max Lat	Min Lon	Max Lon
FIRE_CI1_SABR ELINER	13.72	47.20	-96.99	-84.53
FIRE_CI2_SABR ELINER	27.08	38.95	-99.25	-92.67
Spatial Coverage	е Мар:			
Spatial Resolution	on:			
Projection:				
Grid Description	:			

Temporal Characteristics:

Temporal Coverage:

Data Set Name	Begin Date	End Date
FIRE_CI1_SABRELINE R	10-13-1986	11-02-1986
FIRE_CI2_SABRELINE R	11-17-1991	12-07-1991
Temporal Coverage Ma	o:	
Temporal Resolution:		
Data Characteristic	s:	
Parameter/Variable:		
have to be converted to re	data files has 106 variate eal numbers for correct ro higher rate. The sample	les. Each variable is defined as a 4 bytes unsigned integer. The unsigned integer values ading. Usually the variables are sampled at 1 Hz per second (per genpro cycle), but some ead routine automatically retrieves the information for all defined parameters, and interprets
have to be converted to re	data files has 106 variate eal numbers for correct ro higher rate. The sample	les. Each variable is defined as a 4 bytes unsigned integer. The unsigned integer values adding. Usually the variables are sampled at 1 Hz per second (per genpro cycle), but some ead routine automatically retrieves the information for all defined parameters, and interprets
Variable Description/De	finition:	

•••

Unit of Measurement:

Data Source:

Data Range:

Sample Data Record:

8. Data Organization:

Data Granularity:

A general description of data granularity as it applies to the IMS appears in the **EOSDIS Glossary**.

FIRE_CI1_SABRELINER:

The Sabreliner data set has 18 header-data-file pairs for 18 flights. Each flight is named ci1_aircraft_flt#_flighttime, where "aircraft" is 'sa' to Sabreliner, flight# is ranging from 01 through 18 for Sabreliner. Flight 2, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, and 14 have a and b. "flighttime" has the format of yymmdd to indicate the date of the flight, e.g., ci1_sa_flt02a_861015. The flight name is the same as granule name. The header files are

named granule_name.hdr, and the data files are named granule_name.dat.

FIRE_CI2_SABRELINER:

Measurement Error for Parameters:

The Sabreliner data set has 19 header-data-file pairs for 17 flights, among which flight 6 has three header-data-file pairs. Each flight is named ci2_aircraft_flt#_flighttime, where "aircraft" is 'sa' to Sabreliner, flight# is ranging from 01 through 17 for Sabreliner (flight 6 numbers are 06a, 06b, and 06c), and "flighttime" has the format of yymmdd to indicate the date of the flight, e.g., ci2_sa_flt02_911118. The flight name is the same as granule name. The header files are named granule_name.hdr, and the data files are named granule_name.dat.

A header file contains the variable names (or called parameters), and the information regarding sampling rate, scale factors, data size, etc. for

the parameters. The data file contains data values of parameters over a specified time period.
Data Format:
The header files are in ASCII format. The data files are in binary format.
9. Data Manipulations:
Formulae:
Derivation Techniques and Algorithms:

Data Processing Sequence:
Processing Steps:

Processing Changes:

Calculations:
Special Corrections/Adjustments:
Calculated Variables:

Graphs and Plots:
Images are not available for these data sets.
10. Errors:
Sources of Error:
Quality Assessment:
Data Validation by Source:
Confidence Level/Accuracy Judgement:

Additional Quality Assessments:
Data Verification by Data Center:
•••
11. Notes:
Limitations of the Data:
Known Problems with the Data:

Usage Guidance:
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Any Other Relevant Information about the Study:
•••
12. Application of the Data Set:
13. Future Modifications and Plans:
There are no plans to modify these data sets.
14. Software:
Software Description:
Sample read software is available for these data sets.
Software Access:

The software can be obtained through the Langley DAAC. Please refer to the contact information below. The software can also be obtained at the same time the user is ordering this data set.

15. Data Access:

Contact Information:

Langley DAAC User and Data Services Office NASA Langley Research Center Mail Stop 157D Hampton, Virginia 23681-2199 USA

Telephone: (757) 864-8656 FAX: (757) 864-8807

E-mail: support-asdc@earthdata.nasa.gov

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FAX: (757) 864-8807

E-mail: support-asdc@earthdata.nasa.gov

Procedures for Obtaining Data:

The Langley DAAC Information Management System (IMS) is an on-line system that features a graphical user interface (GUI) that allows to query the Langley DAAC dataset holdings, to view pre-generated browse products, and to order specific data products. Users may also request data by letter, telephone, electronic mail (INTERNET), or personal visit.

The Langley DAAC User and Data Services (UDS) staff provides technical and operational support for users ordering data. The Langley DAAC Handbook is available in a postscript file through the IMS for users who want detailed information about the Langley DAAC holdings. Users may also obtain a copy by contacting:

Langley DAAC User and Data Services Office NASA Langley Research Center Mail Stop 157D Hampton, Virginia 23681-2199 USA

Telephone: (757) 864-8656 FAX: (757) 864-8807

E-mail: support-asdc@earthdata.nasa.gov

URL: http://eosweb.larc.nasa.gov

Data Center Status/Plans:

The Langley DAAC will continue to archive this data. There are no plans to reprocess.

16. Output Products and Availability:

There are no output products available at this time.

17. References:

Heymsfield, A.J., et al., 1990. "The 27-28 October 1986 FIRE IFO Cirrus Case Study: Cloud Microstructure," Monthly Weather Review, 118, 2313-2328.

Cox, et al., 1987. "FIRE - The First ISCCP Regional Experiment," Bull. Amer. Meteor. Soc., 68, 114-118.

Starr, D.O'C., 1987. "A Cirrus-Cloud Experiment: Intensive Field Observations Planned for FIRE," Bull. Am. Met. Soc., 68, 119-124.

FIRE Cirrus Intensive Field Observations (IFO) 1986 Operations Plan, October 1986.

Sorlie, S., February 1993. "Langley DAAC Handbook." NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton, Virginia.

18. Glossary of Terms:

EOSDIS Glossary.

19. List of Acronyms:

NASA - National Aeronautics Space Administration URL - Uniform Resource Locator

EOSDIS Acronyms.

20. Document Information:

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Citation:

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Document Curator:

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